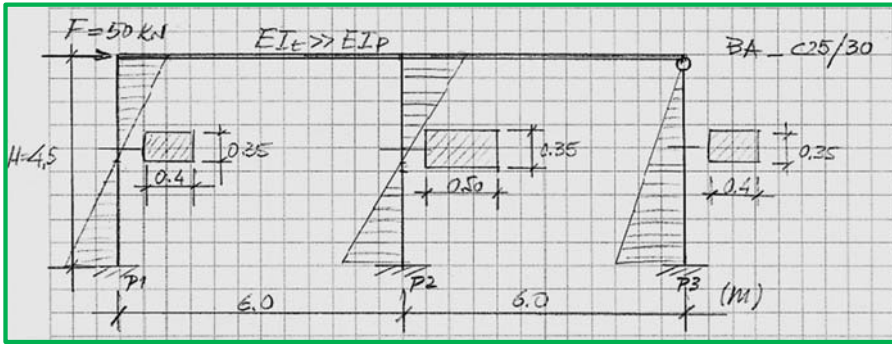
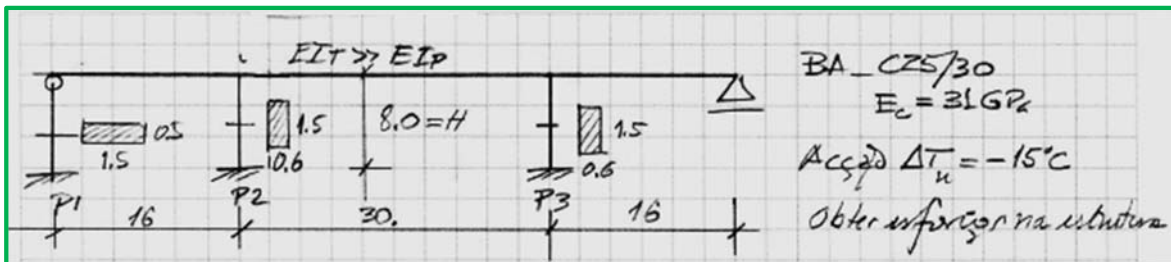


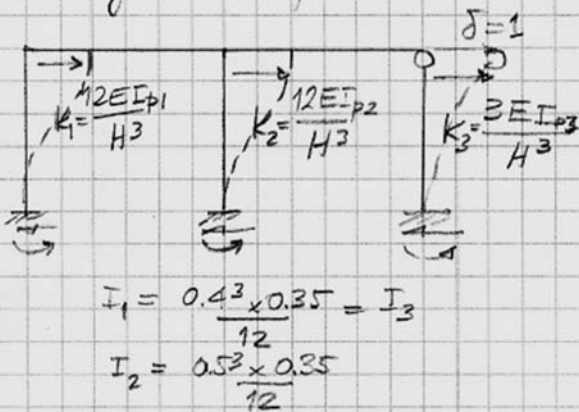
Problema 8a – Distribuição de esforços na estrutura devidos a uma carga horizontal de 50 kN



Problema 8b – Distribuição de esforços na estrutura devidos a uma variação de temperatura



1] Rigidez dos pilares



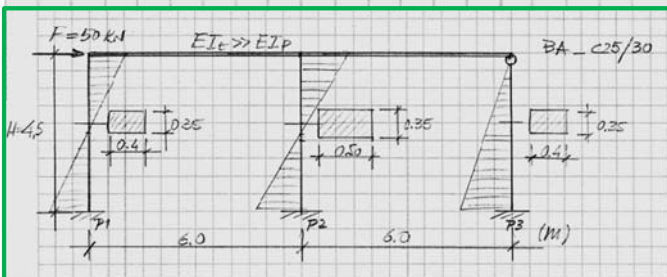
$$K_{Tot} = \sum K_i = \frac{0.35}{12} \left( 12 \cdot 0.4^3 + 12 \cdot 0.5^3 + 3 \cdot 0.4^3 \right) \cdot \frac{E}{H^2}$$

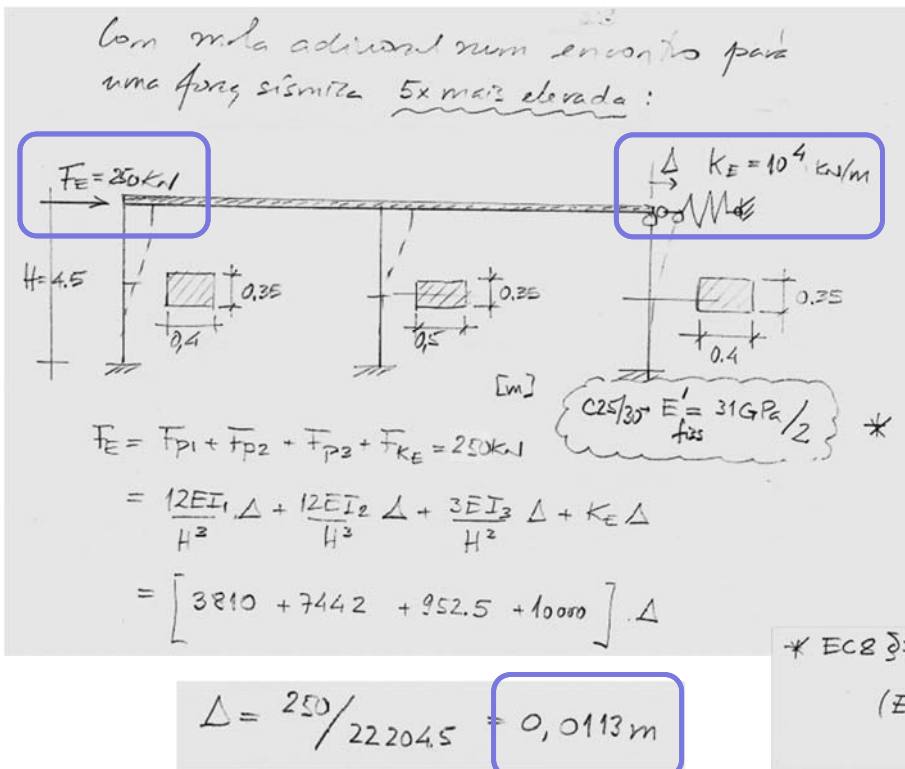
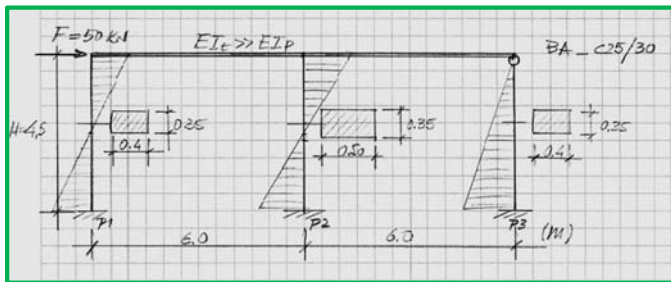
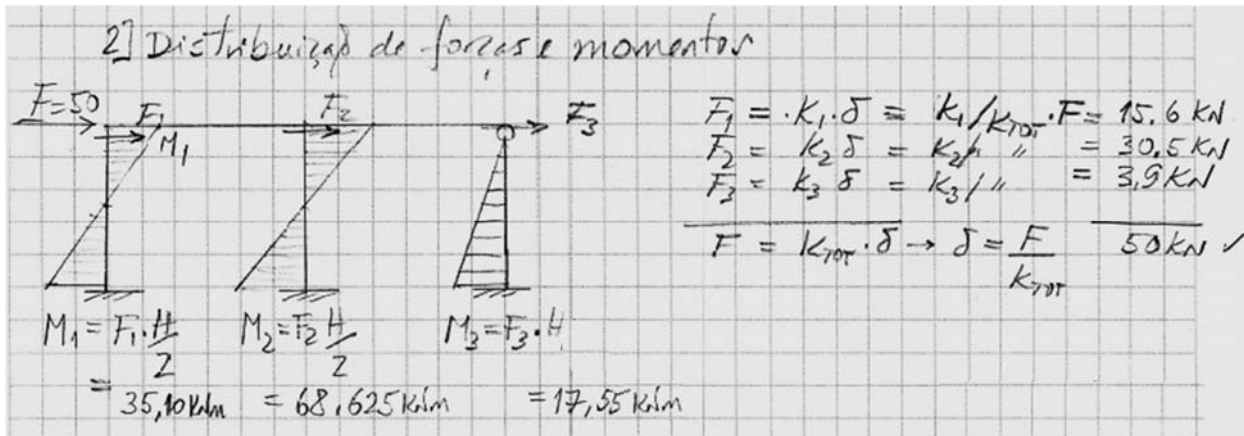
$$K_{Tot} = \frac{0.35 E}{12 H^3} \cdot 2.46$$

$$r_1 = \frac{K_1}{K_{Tot}} = \frac{12 \cdot 0.4^3}{2.46} = 0.312$$

$$r_2 = \frac{K_2}{K_{Tot}} = \frac{12 \cdot 0.5^3}{2.46} = 0.610$$

$$r_3 = \frac{K_3}{K_{Tot}} = \frac{3 \cdot 0.4^3}{2.46} = 0.078$$





$F_{p1} = 42.9 \text{ kN} \rightarrow M_{p1} = 96.5 \text{ kNm}$   
 $F_{p2} = 83.8 \text{ kN} \rightarrow M_{p2} = 188.5 \text{ kNm}$   
 $F_{p3} = 10.7 \text{ kN} \rightarrow M_{p3} = 48.3 \text{ kNm}$   
 $F_{KE} = 10^4 \times \Delta = 112.6 \text{ kN}$

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$\Sigma = 250 \text{ kN}$

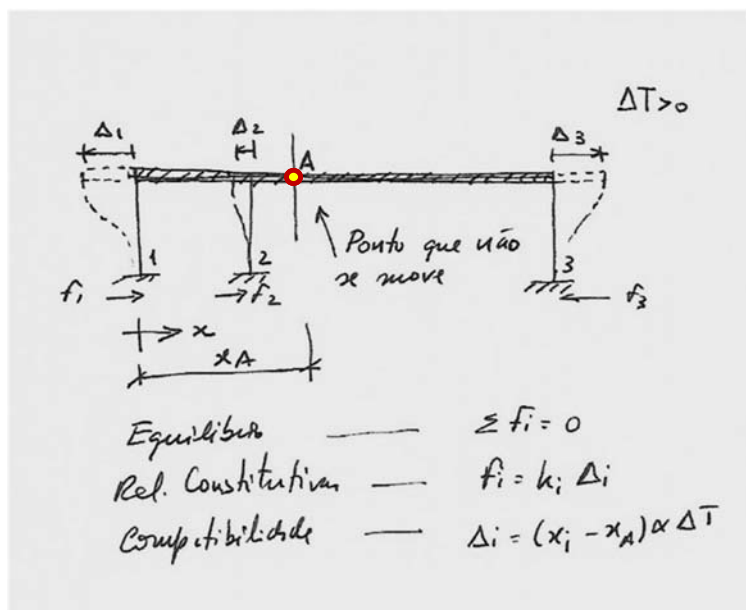
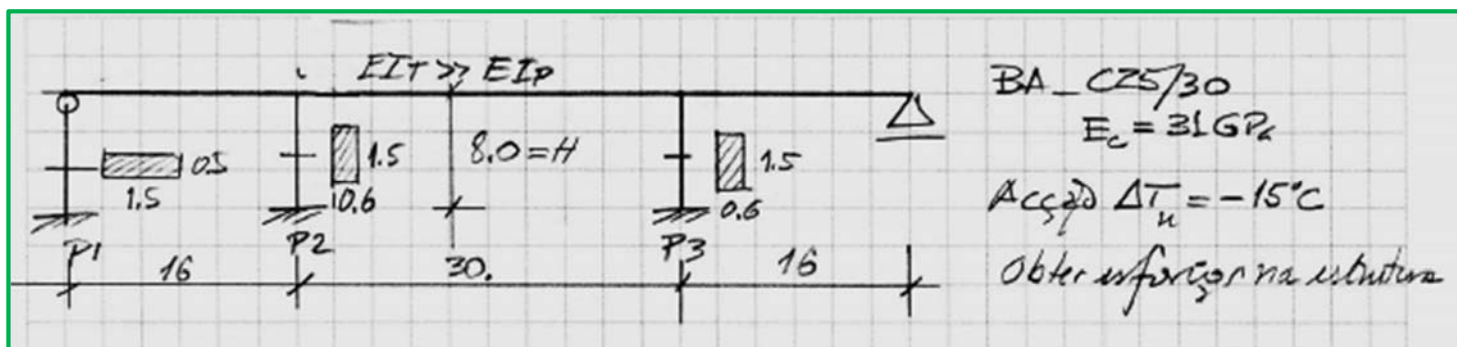
$* EC8 \text{ §7.7.2 (4)}$

$(EI)_{chuzas} = 0,90 [r E_{cm} I_c + EI_s] \approx 1,0 \times 0,50 E_{cm} I_c$

$\downarrow$  Relação  $\downarrow$  Armaduras  $\downarrow$  desproter  $\downarrow$  desproter

$\downarrow$  aconselhado = 0,50

Problema 8b – Calcular os esforços na estrutura devidos a uma variação de temperatura



$$\sum f_i = 0 \Rightarrow \sum k_i \Delta_i = 0$$

$$\sum k_i \Delta_i = \sum k_i (x_i - x_A) \alpha \Delta T = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum k_i (x_i - x_A) = 0 \quad (\text{mas depende de } \Delta T)$$

(variação de temperatura uniforme)

$$\sum k_i x_i - x_A \sum k_i = 0$$

$$x_A = \frac{\sum k_i x_i}{\sum k_i}$$

Centro de rigidez da estrutura

$\alpha$  = coef. dilatação térmica linear do material  
 Aço:  $\alpha = 12 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{C}$  ; Betão:  $\alpha = 10 \times 10^{-6} / ^\circ\text{C}$

$EI \gg EIP$   
 BA-C25/30  
 $E_c = 31 \text{ GPa}$   
 Accção  $\Delta T_u = -15^\circ\text{C}$   
 Obter as forças na estrutura

1] Centro de rigidez

$x_1 = 0$        $x_2 = 16$        $x_3 = 16 + 30 = 46$

$K_1 = \frac{3EI_1}{H^3}$        $K_2 = \frac{12EI_2}{H^3}$        $K_3 = \frac{12EI_2}{4^3}$

$I_1 = \frac{1.5^3 \times 0.5}{12}$        $I_2 = \frac{0.6^3 \times 1.5}{12}$

$K_{TOT} = \frac{E}{H^3} [3I_1 + 24I_2]$

$X_{CR} = \frac{\sum K_i x_i}{\sum K_i} = 18.78 \text{ m}$

$K_1 = 824.0 \times 10^{-6} E$   
 $K_2 = 632.8 \times 10^{-6} E$   
 $K_{TOT} = 2089.6 \times 10^{-6} E$

2] Deslocamentos impostos por  $\Delta T_u = -15^\circ\text{C}$

$\alpha = 10^{-5}/^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\Delta T_u = -15^\circ\text{C}$

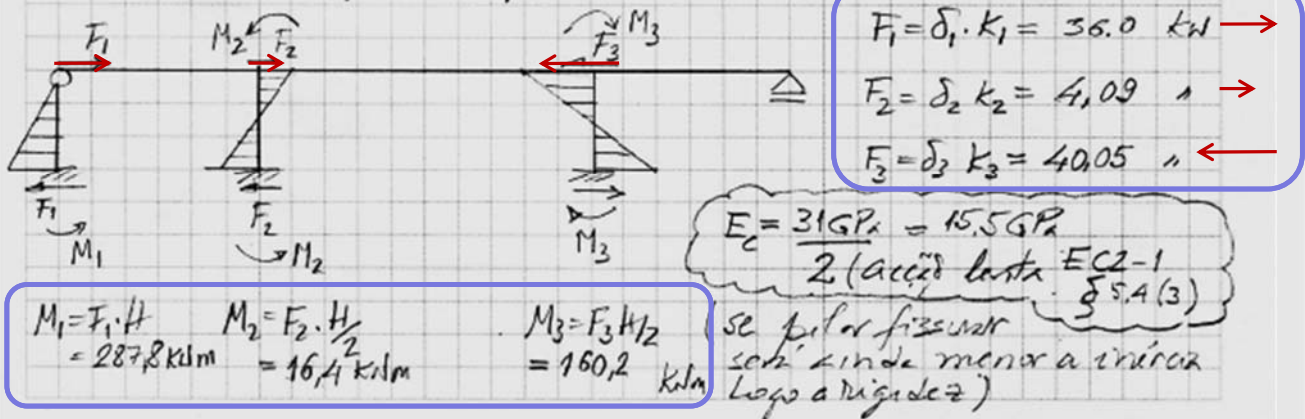
$\delta_1 = \alpha \Delta T_u \cdot L_1$

$L_1 = 18.78 \text{ m}$        $L_2 = -2.78 \text{ m}$        $L_3 = 30 + 16 - 18.78 = 27.22 \text{ m}$        $L_4 = 62 - 18.78 = 43.22 \text{ m}$

$\delta_1 = 2.317 \times 10^{-3}$        $\delta_2 = 0.417 \times 10^{-3}$        $\delta_3 = -4.083 \times 10^{-3}$        $\delta_4 = -6.483 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$



3] Esforços impostos para  $\Delta T_{21} = -15^\circ\text{C}$



RESUMO:

**Accão sísmica** > para ter em conta o efeito da fissuração > de forma simplificada tomar  $E' = E / 2$

**Deformações impostas no tempo** > sendo acções lentas no tempo o betão evidência fluência > de forma simplificada tomar  $E'' = E / 2$