

Exam 2

Question 1

Lifetime and Warranty of Solar Panels

```
Show[Graphics[{
  Circle[{-18, 0}, 1],
  Circle[{-14, 0}, 1],
  Circle[{-10, 0}, 1],

  Circle[{-18, -3}, 1],
  Circle[{-14, -3}, 1],
  Circle[{-10, -3}, 1],

  Circle[{-18, -6}, 1],
  Circle[{-14, -6}, 1],
  Circle[{-10, -6}, 1],

  Circle[{-18, -9}, 1],
  Circle[{-14, -9}, 1],
  Circle[{-10, -9}, 1],

  Circle[{-6, -4.5}, 1],

  Text["1", {-18, 0}],
  Text["2", {-14, 0}],
  Text["3", {-10, 0}],

  Text["1", {-18, -3}],
  Text["2", {-14, -3}],
  Text["4", {-10, -3}],

  Text["1", {-18, -6}],
  Text["3", {-14, -6}],
  Text["4", {-10, -6}],

  Text["2", {-18, -9}],
  Text["3", {-14, -9}],
  Text["4", {-10, -9}],

  Text["5", {-6, -4.5}],

  Line[{{-20, 0}, {-19, 0}}],
  Line[{{-17, 0}, {-15, 0}}],
  Line[{{-13, 0}, {-11, 0}}],
  Line[{{-9, 0}, {-8, 0}}],

  Line[{{-20, -3}, {-19, -3}}],
  Line[{{-17, -3}, {-15, -3}}],
  Line[{{-13, -3}, {-11, -3}}],
  Line[{{-9, -3}, {-8, -3}}],

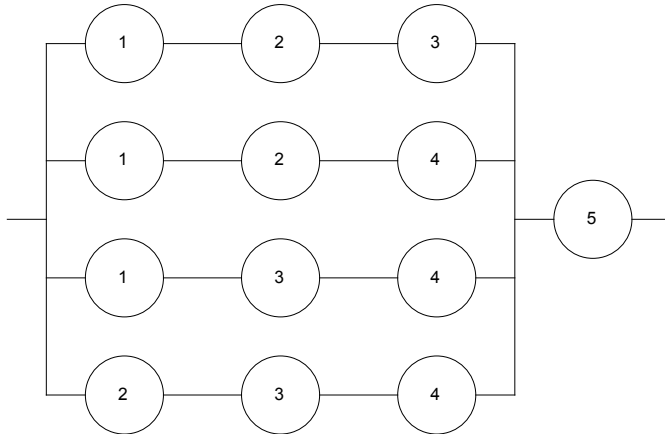
  Line[{{-20, -6}, {-19, -6}}],
  Line[{{-17, -6}, {-15, -6}}],
  Line[{{-13, -6}, {-11, -6}}],
  Line[{{-9, -6}, {-8, -6}}],
```

```

Line[{{-20, -9}, {-19, -9}},
Line[{{-17, -9}, {-15, -9}},
Line[{{-13, -9}, {-11, -9}},
Line[{{-9, -9}, {-8, -9}},

Line[{{-21, -4.5}, {-20, -4.5}},
Line[{{-20, 0}, {-20, -9}},
Line[{{-8, 0}, {-8, -9}},
Line[{{-8, -4.5}, {-7, -4.5}},
Line[{{-5, -4.5}, {-4, -4.5}}
]]]

```



(* <https://www.wolfram.com/mathematica/new-in-9/reliability/lifetime-and-warranty-of-solar-panels.html> *)

```

ClearAll["Global`*"]
dist = BernoulliDistribution[p];
RSolarPanel =
  ReliabilityDistribution[BooleanCountingFunction[{3, 4}, {x, y, z, v}] ^ w,
    {{x, dist}, {y, dist}, {z, dist}, {v, dist}, {w, dist}}];
r[p_] = FullSimplify[Mean[RSolarPanel]]
(4 - 3 p) p^4

```

```

ClearAll["Global`*"]
dist = ExponentialDistribution[λ];
RSolarPanel =
  ReliabilityDistribution[BooleanCountingFunction[{3, 4}, {x, y, z, v}] ∧ w,
    {{x, dist}, {y, dist}, {z, dist}, {v, dist}, {w, dist}}];
FullSimplify[SurvivalFunction[RSolarPanel, t]]
Mean[RSolarPanel]

FullSimplify[HazardFunction[RSolarPanel, t]]
h[t_] = FullSimplify[HazardFunction[RSolarPanel, t]];
FullSimplify[∂t h[t]]

```

$$\begin{cases} 1 & t < 0 \\ e^{-5t\lambda} (-3 + 4 e^{t\lambda}) & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{2}{5\lambda}$$

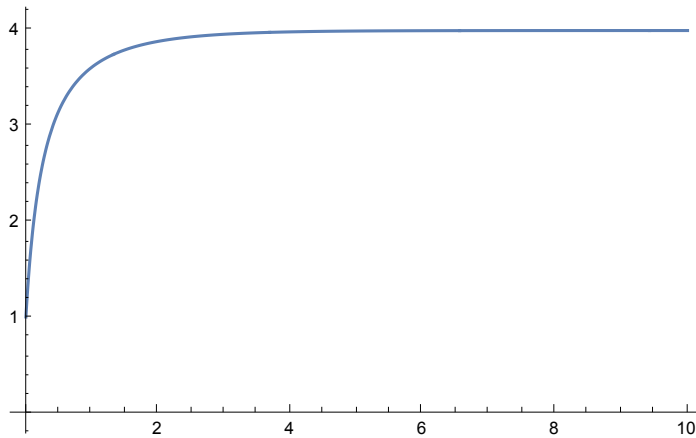
$$\begin{cases} \left(4 + \frac{3}{3-4 e^{t\lambda}}\right) \lambda & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{Indeterminate} & t = 0 \\ \frac{12 e^{t\lambda} \lambda^2}{(-3+4 e^{t\lambda})^2} & t > 0 \\ 0 & \text{True} \end{cases}$$

```

λ = 1.;
R[t_] = SurvivalFunction[RSolarPanel, t];
f[t_] = -∂t R[t];
h[t_] = f[t]/R[t];
Plot[h[t], {t, 0.001, 10.}, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}]

```



```

ClearAll["Global`*"]
dist = ExponentialDistribution[λ];
RSolarPanel =
  ReliabilityDistribution[BooleanCountingFunction[{3, 4}, {x, y, z, v}] ∧ w,
    {{x, dist}, {y, dist}, {z, dist}, {v, dist}, {w, dist}}];

Mean[RSolarPanel]
Variance[RSolarPanel]
Mean[RSolarPanel]^2

$$\frac{4}{25 \lambda^2}$$


$$\frac{2}{5 \lambda}$$


$$\frac{1}{10 \lambda^2}$$


$$\frac{4}{25 \lambda^2}$$


$$\frac{4}{25 \lambda^2}$$


```

Question 2 — Complete Data

```

ClearAll["Global`*"]

data = {17.88, 28.92, 33.00, 41.52, 42.12, 45.60, 48.48, 51.84,
51.96, 54.12, 55.56, 67.80, 68.64, 68.64, 68.88, 84.12,
93.12, 98.64, 105.12, 105.84, 127.92, 128.04, 173.40};
sorteddata = Sort[data]

t = sorteddata;
n = Length[t];
t[[0]] = 0;

ListPlot[Prepend[Table[{i/n,  $\frac{\sum_{j=1}^i (n-j+1) \times (t[[j]] - t[[j-1]])}{\sum_{j=1}^n (n-j+1) \times (t[[j]] - t[[j-1]])}$ }, {i, 1, n}],
  {0, 0}], AspectRatio → 1, PlotStyle → {PointSize[Large], Black}]

D = EstimatedDistribution[sorteddata, WeibullDistribution[2, 80]]
KolmogorovSmirnovTest[sorteddata, D, "HypothesisTestData"]

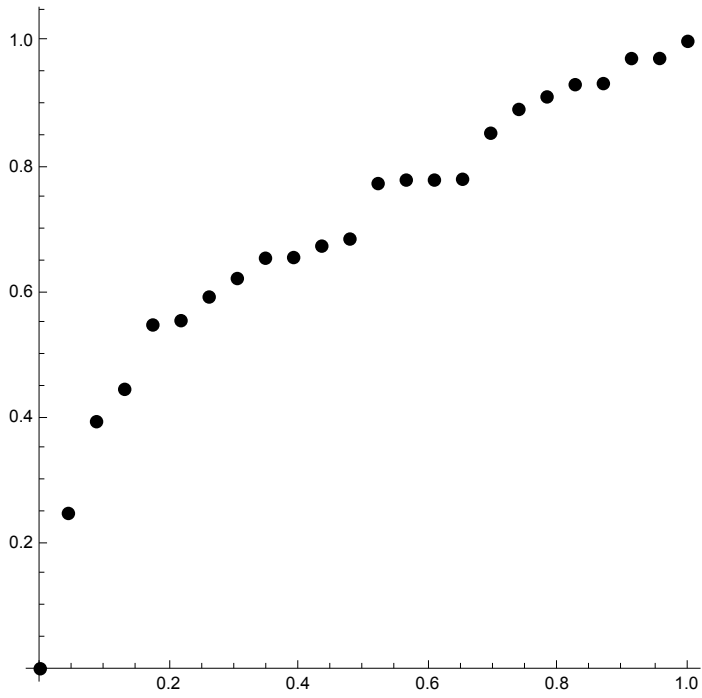
Destim = EstimatedDistribution[sorteddata, WeibullDistribution[α, δ]]
KolmogorovSmirnovTest[sorteddata, Destim, "HypothesisTestData"]

Quantile[Destim, 0.75]

alphaestim = 2.1;
deltaestim = 81.9;
deltaestim ×  $\sqrt[\text{alphaestim}]{-\text{Log}[1 - 0.75]}$ 

{17.88, 28.92, 33., 41.52, 42.12, 45.6, 48.48, 51.84, 51.96, 54.12, 55.56, 67.8,
68.64, 68.64, 68.88, 84.12, 93.12, 98.64, 105.12, 105.84, 127.92, 128.04, 173.4}

```



WeibullDistribution[2, 80]

HypothesisTestData [  Type: KolmogorovSmirnovTest
p-Value: 0.795]

WeibullDistribution[2.10206, 81.8783]

HypothesisTestData [  Type: KolmogorovSmirnovTest
p-Value: 0.617]

95.643

95.6829

Question 3

```

ClearAll["Global`*"]
data = {{15.8, 16.3, 16.2, 16.1},
{16.3, 15.9, 15.9, 16.2},
{16.1, 16.2, 16.5, 16.4},
{16.3, 16.2, 15.9, 16.4},
{16.1, 16.1, 16.4, 16.5},
{16.1, 15.8, 16.7, 16.6},
{16.1, 16.3, 16.5, 16.1},
{16.2, 16.1, 16.2, 16.1},
{16.3, 16.2, 16.4, 16.3},
{16.6, 16.3, 16.4, 16.1}};
OnesMatrix = Table[1, {i, 1, 4}];
data.OnesMatrix / 4

```

$$\mu_0 = 16.2;$$

$$\sigma_0 = \sqrt{0.01};$$

$$n = 4;$$

$$\text{LCL} = \mu_0 - 3 \times \frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\text{UCL} = \mu_0 + 3 \times \frac{\sigma_0}{\sqrt{n}}$$

```
{16.1, 16.075, 16.3, 16.2, 16.275, 16.3, 16.25, 16.15, 16.3, 16.35}
```

```
16.05
```

```
16.35
```

$$L = \frac{\sigma_0^2}{n-1} * 0.042541;$$

$$U = \frac{\sigma_0^2}{n-1} * 18.222384;$$

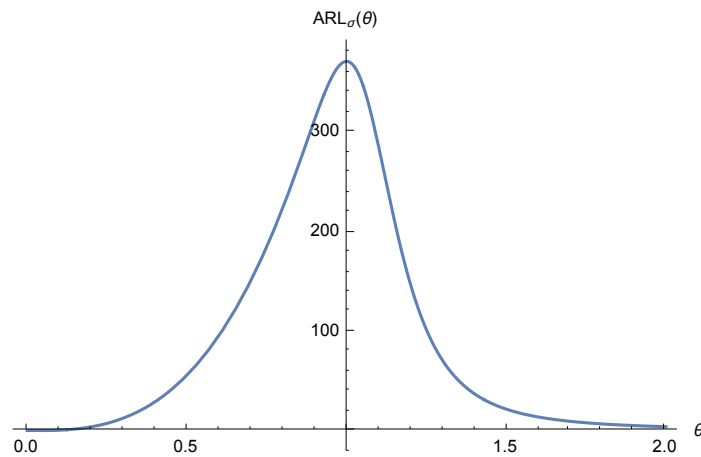
$$\xi[\theta_] = 1 - \left(\text{CDF}[\text{ChiSquareDistribution}[n-1], \frac{18.222384}{\theta^2}] - \text{CDF}[\text{ChiSquareDistribution}[n-1], \frac{0.042541}{\theta^2}] \right);$$

$$\text{ARL}[\theta_] = 1 / \xi[\theta];$$

$$\text{ARL}[1]$$

`Plot[ARL[θ], {θ, 0, 2}, AxesOrigin → {1, 0}, AxesLabel → {θ, ARLσ[θ]}`

370.395



$$\text{Round}\left[\frac{18.222384}{0.99^2}, 0.000001\right]$$

$$\text{Round}[\text{CDF}[\text{ChiSquareDistribution}[n-1], \%, 0.000001]$$

$$\text{Round}\left[\frac{0.042541}{0.99^2}, 0.000001\right]$$

$$\text{Round}[\text{CDF}[\text{ChiSquareDistribution}[n-1], \%, 0.000001]$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - (0.999668 - 0.002374)}$$

$$\text{ARL}[0.99]$$

18.5924

0.999668

0.043405

0.002374

369.549

369.563

```

n = 4;
μ₀ = 16.2;
σ₀ = 0.1;

distmu = NormalDistribution[0, 1];
γmu = 3;
ξmu[δ_, θ_] = 1 - (CDF[distmu,  $\frac{\gamma\mu - \delta}{\theta}$ ] - CDF[distmu,  $\frac{-\gamma\mu - \delta}{\theta}$ ]);
ARLmu[δ_, θ_] = 1 / ξmu[δ, θ];
ARLmu[0., 1.]
ARLmu[0., .99]

distsigma = ChiSquareDistribution[n - 1];
ξsigma[θ_] = 1 - (CDF[distsigma,  $\frac{18.222384}{\theta^2}$ ] - CDF[distsigma,  $\frac{0.042541}{\theta^2}$ ]);
ARLsigma[θ_] = 1 / ξsigma[θ];
ARLsigma[1.]

ξmusigma[δ_, θ_] = ξmu[δ, θ] + ξsigma[θ] - ξmu[δ, θ] × ξsigma[θ];
ARLmusigma[δ_, θ_] = 1 / ξmusigma[δ, θ];
ARLmusigma[0., 1.]
ARLmusigma[δ_, θ_] =  $\frac{\text{ARLmu}[\delta, \theta] * \text{ARLsigma}[\theta]}{\text{ARLmu}[\delta, \theta] + \text{ARLsigma}[\theta] - 1}$ ;
ARLmusigma[0., .99]
370.398
409.319
370.395
185.449
194.463

```


$$\frac{370.4 * 370.4}{370.4 + 370.4 - 1} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \left(\text{CDF}[\text{distmu}, \frac{\gamma\mu - 0}{0.99}] - \text{CDF}[\text{distmu}, \frac{-\gamma\mu - 0}{0.99}] \right) \% * 369.549}$$

$$\frac{\% + 369.549 - 1}{\text{Round}\left[\frac{\gamma\mu - 0}{0.99}, 0.01\right] \text{Round}\left[\frac{-\gamma\mu - 0}{0.99}, 0.01\right]}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - (0.998777 - (1 - 0.998777)) \% * 369.549}$$

$$\% + 369.549 - 1$$

185.45

409.319

194.459

3.03

-3.03

408.831

194.349

Question 4 — Single sampling plan for attributes

```
Clear[Evaluate[Context[] <> "*"]];
p1 = 0.005; (* AQL *)
alpha = 1 - 0.95; (* producer's risk *)
p2 = 0.035; (* LTPD *)
beta = 0.05; (* consumer's risk *)

Q[c_, x_] = Quantile[ChiSquareDistribution[2 * (c + 1)], x];
r[c_] =  $\frac{N[Q[c, 1 - \beta], 5]}{N[Q[c, \alpha], 5]}$ ;
i = 0;
While[r[i] >  $\frac{p_2}{p_1}$ , Print["Do not use acceptance number c=", i, " because r(c)=",
  N[Q[i, 1 - beta], 5], "/", N[Q[i, alpha], 5], "=", r[i], ">  $\frac{p_2}{p_1}$ =",  $\frac{p_2}{p_1}$ ];
  i++]
Print["Use the acceptance number c=", i, " because r(c)=",
  N[Q[i, 1 - beta], 5], "/", N[Q[i, alpha], 5], "=", r[i], "<=  $\frac{p_2}{p_1}$ =",  $\frac{p_2}{p_1}$ ];

sampleSize[c_] = Ceiling[ $\frac{Q[i, 1 - \beta]}{2 * p_2}$ ];

If[Ceiling[ $\frac{Q[i, 1 - \beta]}{2 * p_2}$ ] <= Floor[ $\frac{Q[i, \alpha]}{2 * p_1}$ ],
  Print["Use the sample size n=", sampleSize[i], "."],
  Print["Houston, we have a problem!"]]
```

Do not use acceptance number $c=0$ because $r(c)=5.99146/0.102587=58.404 > \frac{p_2}{p_1}=7$.

Do not use acceptance number $c=1$ because $r(c)=9.48773/0.710723=13.3494 > \frac{p_2}{p_1}=7$.

Do not use acceptance number $c=2$ because $r(c)=12.5916/1.63538=7.69947 > \frac{p_2}{p_1}=7$.

Use the acceptance number $c=3$ because $r(c)=15.5073/2.73264=5.67485 \leq \frac{p_2}{p_1}=7$.

Use the sample size $n=222$.

$c = 3;$

$n = 222;$

$\text{CDF}[\text{BinomialDistribution}[n, p_1], c]$

$\text{CDF}[\text{BinomialDistribution}[n, p_2], c]$

$\text{dist} = \text{NormalDistribution}[0, 1];$

$\text{CDF}[\text{dist}, \frac{c - n p_1}{\sqrt{n p_1 (1 - p_1)}}]$

$\text{CDF}[\text{dist}, \frac{c - n p_2}{\sqrt{n p_2 (1 - p_2)}}]$

$\text{Round}[\frac{c - n p_1}{\sqrt{n p_1 (1 - p_1)}}, 0.01]$

0.9641

$\text{Round}[\frac{c - n p_2}{\sqrt{n p_2 (1 - p_2)}}, 0.01]$

$1 - 0.9591$

$\text{CDF}[\text{dist}, \frac{c - n * 0.03}{\sqrt{n * 0.03 (1 - 0.03)}}]$

$\text{Round}[\frac{c - n * 0.03}{\sqrt{n * 0.03 (1 - 0.03)}}, 0.01]$

$1 - 0.9251$

0.973869

0.0467074

0.963944

0.0407556

1.8

0.9641

-1.74

0.0409

0.0749358

-1.44

0.0749

```
(* Unrequested verification *)
ntot = 1000; (* arbitrary lot size *)
exactdist[p_] = HypergeometricDistribution[samplesize[i], Round[ntot * p], ntot];
If[CDF[exactdist[p1], i] ≥ 1 - α && CDF[exactdist[p2], i] ≤ β,
  Print["The single sampling plan for attributes
        complies with the producer's and consumer's risk points."],
  Print["The single sampling plan for attributes does not comply
        with the producer's or the consumer's risk points."]]
The single sampling plan for attributes
  complies with the producer's and consumer's risk points.
```

Question 5 — Double sampling plan for attributes with rectifying inspection

```
n1 = 20; (* Collect a first sample of size n1 *)
c1 = 0; (* Accept the lot if D1 ≤ c1, reject if D1 > c1 *)
n2 = 20; (* Collect a second sample of size n2 if c1 < D1 ≤ c2 *)
c2 = 1; (* Accept the lot if D1 + D2 ≤ c2, reject otherwise *)

pI[p_] = CDF[BinomialDistribution[n1, p], c1];
pII[p_] = Sum[PDF[BinomialDistribution[n1, p], k] ×
             CDF[BinomialDistribution[n2, p], c2 - k],
             {k, c1 + 1, c2}];

ntot = 500;
AOQ[p_] = (p × ((ntot - n1) × pI[p] + (ntot - n1 - n2) × pII[p])) /
          ntot;

Round[pI[0.03], 0.0001]

Round[pII[0.03], 0.0001]
(0.8802 - 0.5438) * 0.5438

Round[AOQ[0.03], 0.000001]
0.03 * ((500 - 20) * 0.5438 + (500 - 20 - 20) * 0.182934) / 500
0.5438

0.1829

0.182934

0.02071

0.0207104
```