

## Solid Mechanics, Recap test 2, February 2, 2021.

### Problem 3

- a) The constitutive law of a homogeneous and isotropic *Hookean* material is given by

$$\varepsilon_{ij} = 1/E [(1 + \nu) \sigma_{ij} - \nu \sigma_{kk} \delta_{ij}],$$

where E is Young's modulus and  $\nu$  Poisson's coefficient.

Define shear modulus G and establish the relationship between G, E and  $\nu$ .

- b) An orthotropic material in plane stress has the following flexibility matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} e_{11} \\ e_{22} \\ \gamma_{12} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/E_{11} & -\nu_{21}/E_{22} & 0 \\ -\nu_{12}/E_{11} & 1/E_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/G_{12} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{11} \\ \sigma_{22} \\ \sigma_{12} \end{pmatrix},$$

The modulus and coefficients of that material are the following in the  $x_1 x_2$  frame:

	Carbon/Epoxy Bidirectional
$E_{11}$ [GPa]	50.0
$E_{22}$ [GPa]	50.0
$G_{12}$ [GPa]	5.0
$\nu_{12}$	0.0

Determine the shear modulus G of that material in a 45° direction with  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ . You may use Mohr's circle to represent stresses and deformations.