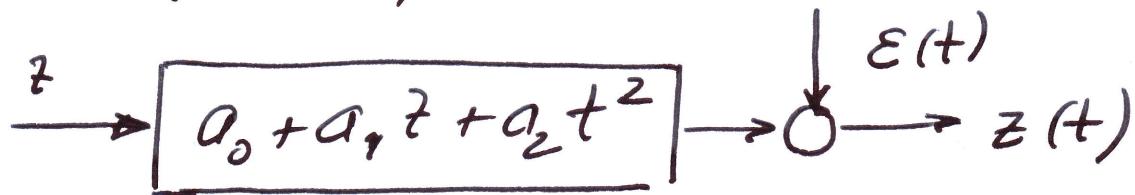


P.2 - Estimacão de parâmetros

P.2.1 Xfóde lo de geraçao da variável (medida) Z :



Dadas medidas $z(t_i)$; $i = 1, 2, \dots, 4$ de $Z(t)$ nos instantes t_i , pretende-se determinar a_0, a_1, a_2 que "melhor explicam" os dados experimentais.

Estratégia de mínimos quadrados :

$$\min_{(a_0, a_1, a_2)} \sum_{i=1}^4 \{z(t_i) - [a_0 + a_1 t_i + a_2 t_i^2]\}^2$$

P.2.2. Condições necessárias para atingir o mínimo:

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial a_0} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial a_1} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial a_2} = 0$$

$$\text{Cálculo de } \frac{\partial C}{\partial a_0} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial a_0} \sum_{i=1}^4 \left\{ z(t_i) - [a_0 + a_1 t_i + a_2 t_i^2] \right\}^2$$

$$= -2 \sum_{i=1}^4 \left\{ z(t_i) - [a_0 + a_1 t_i + a_2 t_i^2] \right\} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 4 & \sum t_i & \sum t_i^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \sum z(t_i) \quad (\textcircled{A})$$

$$\text{Cálculo de } \frac{\partial C}{\partial a_1} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial a_1} \sum_{i=1}^4 \left\{ z(t_i) - [a_0 + a_1 t_i + a_2 t_i^2] \right\}^2$$

$$= -2 \sum_{i=1}^4 t_i \left\{ z(t_i) - [a_0 + a_1 t_i + a_2 t_i^2] \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \sum t_i & \sum t_i^2 & \sum t_i^3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \sum t_i z(t_i) \quad (\textcircled{B})$$

Calcular de $\frac{\partial C}{\partial a_2} = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_2} & \sum_{i=1}^4 \left\{ z(t_i) - [a_0 + a_1 t_i + a_2 t_i^2] \right\}^2 \\ & = -2 \sum_{i=1}^4 t_i^2 \left\{ z(t_i) - [a_0 + a_1 t_i + a_2 t_i^2] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \sum t_i^2 & \sum t_i^3 & \sum t_i^4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \sum t_i^2 z(t_i) \quad \textcircled{c}$$

Ⓐ, Ⓑ, Ⓒ \Leftrightarrow

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \sum t_i & \sum t_i^2 \\ \sum t_i & \sum t_i^2 & \sum t_i^3 \\ \sum t_i^2 & \sum t_i^3 & \sum t_i^4 \end{bmatrix}}_M \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix}}_a = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \sum z(t_i) \\ \sum t_i z(t_i) \\ \sum t_i^2 z(t_i) \end{bmatrix}}_b$$

$$\Rightarrow a = M^{-1}b$$